Flash fires kill 39-Why?

By Rod : olmgren

Six Chicagoans — three of code. 44th Street.

Facts uncovered by the Illilives in an early morning fire addition to the clear need for tions. last Saturday at 549-551 E. action against landlords of Chitenements, the following agen-The tragedy, bringing to 39 cies are wide open to charges the number of tenement fire- of negligence contains to

sions of the city's municipal the health and fire safeguards vided and then re-subdivided in row casement and landings, and of the code by levying a \$25-a- recent years into 9 apartments. littered with garbage. The rear day fine against delinquent landthem children - lost their nois Standard indicate that in lords until they correct viola-

> • The Building Department, 24 cago's several hundred firetrap tenements, the following agencinct captains or enjoy other kinds of political immunity.

There were almost 60 persons, deaths in recent weeks, drama-deaths in recent weeks, drama-tized almost criminal failure of The license division of the two divisions in Chicago's city government to enforce provi-government to enforce provi-for years have failed to enforce structure that had been sub-di-with several steps missing, nar-

Rev. Joseph Moore, assistant Church at 4508 St. Lawrence st., cause it was blocked with debris. who resided in one of the basement flats and who was the first in the Chicago Building Code to discover the fire, told a Standard reporter he had reported the first floor must have two the building's condition to the city building department a year

exit from the basement had not pastor of the Cleveland Baptist been used in many months, be-

> Sections 48 to 54 and 60 to 63 provide that every home above exits, stairways and doorways must be at least three feet wide, stairways and doorways must be kept clear, and dangerous or Continued or page 7

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CONSUMERS PAY STATE TAX: RICH RI

Meet the National Guardian

WITH great pleasure we introduce the National Guardian, the progressive weekly newspaper which has won so many thousands of friends in the few short months since it was born last fall.

Starting next week, the National Guardian is going be YOUR newspaper.

The Guardian counts among its frequent contributors such authoritative writers and public figures as Elmer Benson, Norman Mailer, Henry Wallace, Dr. Frederick Schuman, Johannes Steel, Kumar Goshal, Paul Robeson, Earl Conrad, James Dugan, Max Werner, John Lardner, Clyde Miller, Anna Louise Strong, Ella Winter, as well as many correspondents abroad who write exclusively for the Guardian.

Edited by Cedric Belfrage, James Aronson and John T. McManus, the National Guardian features news the rest of the press refuses to print, such as bringing to national attention the long-censored story of six Negroes condemned to die in New Jersey for a crime they did not commit.

The Guardian is planning a series of regional editions, including a Midwest Edition. This means that in addition to the excellent national and international features regularly carried in the Guardian, Chicago and Illinois readers will also get coverage and analysis of news breaking in their own backyard.

Effective with this issue, the Illinois Standard is making way for the more complete coverage represented by the Guardian.

We are proud to announce completion of arrangements for the National Guardian to serve Standard subscribers for the rest of their subscription terms, taking into account the fact that Guardian subscriptions are \$4.00 a year, while Standard subs have been \$2.00.

So starting Monday, Feb. 7, you will receive the National Guardian, jam-packed with news and comment written by progressives for progressives, every week, unless you indicate otherwise.

We look upon this as a forward step toward unification of the progressive press into a single, hardhitting "package." We know you join us in that conviction.



LEADS REPEAL FIGHT. Senator Claude Pepper (D. Fla.) has served notice that he will lead in the fight in the upper house for immediate repeal of the Taft-Hartley law and reenact-ment of the Wagner Act.

Washington trek to demand 'no more Jimcrow

Illinois citizens will demand deductions. payoff on campaign promises to wipe out Jim Crow when they join in an historic national assembly in Washington Feb. 11-

With the active support of the Progressive Party an impressive list of local sponsors for the rally is being gathered for early announcement.

Initiated by Dr. W. E. B. Du-Bois and five other top Negro leaders, the mass demonstration for passage of federal civil rights legislation has an extremely broad sponsorship. Chairman of the preliminary meeting will be Dr. J. Finley Wilson, head of the Elks frater-

Among the prominent persons endorsing the project are Dr. Mary McLeod Bethune, Natl. Caterpillar Tractor example. Council of Negro Women; Deems This company was chosen be-

By Bernie Asbel

The man who works for wages is paying the fare for a virtually free tax ride by million-dollar corporations

Inquiries by the ILLINOIS STANDARD into who pays for state government have just disclosed the following astounding facts:

 More than 75 cents of every state tax dollar comes from levies aimed at consumers.

 In one typical plant, Caterpillar Tractor Co., Peoria, annual sales taxes paid by all the workers is close to 20 times the tax bill paid direct to the state by their employer-company. Yet the company is known to have shown a profit of more than \$10 million last year.

The heaviest single chunk of state income, the direct sales tax, developed this week as the object of a political tug of war, as:

Gov. Stevenson's new finance chief, George W. Mitchell disclosed plans to make the sales tax an even heavier levy. He lamented exemptions for barbering, tailoring, auto repairs, prescriptions, books, magazines, and

 The Progressive Party launched a downstate petition campaign to wipe out the sales tax and substitute a graduated income tax with high personal exemption to exclude the average wage earner.

That the great bulk of state income derives from the plain consumer is shown by state admission that 76% cents of every tax dollar comes from: sales tax, motor fuel, motor licenses, cigarettes and old age benefit kickbacks from the Federal government after payroll

The sales tax itself brings in 36 percent of state funds. It was passed originally in 1933 as an emergency measure when the state was nearly bankrupt while faced with mass demands for unemployment relief.

During its first full year of operation, 1934, the sales tax pennies totaled \$38,609,000. Though the reason for

first creating the tax was removed years ago, the tax has re- assets are within the state. mained and grown to where consumers shelled out \$171,021,-000 last year.

Nearly \$1,000 has been paid out by each of the estimated 1,800,000 Illinois families in the 15-year operation of the tax, for a grand total of nearly a billion and a half dollars.

How the sales levy shifts the burden of tax to the wage earner is particularly shown by the Taylor, music critic; Lester cause it is one of few large cor-Granger, Natl. Urban League, porations, the bulk of whose

There, 16,000 workers each pay a minimum estimate of \$40 per year in sales taxes. This totals \$640,000 for all the workers in the plant.

In contrast with this \$640,000. the company pays an estimated \$34,000 franchise tax, the only levy made directly by the state against corporations. Nor do individual executives and stockholders pay any state tax for the dividends they extract large from the company.

Real estate taxes are paid to Continued on page 8